1. World Trade Organization (WTO)

Purpose: The WTO aims to facilitate smooth and fair international trade by creating and enforcing trade agreements, resolving disputes, and providing a forum for trade negotiations. Countries Participating: 164 member countries, including major economies like the United States, China, and the European Union.

Key Highlights:

- Promotes trade liberalization and reduction of trade barriers.
- Provides a dispute resolution mechanism to handle trade conflicts.
- Monitors and reviews national trade policies to ensure compliance with WTO agreements.

2. European Union (EU)

Purpose: The EU is a political and economic union that aims to promote economic cooperation and integration among its member states, ensuring the free movement of goods, services, capital, and people. Countries Participating: 27 European countries, including Germany, France, and Italy.

Key Highlights:

- Implements a common trade policy with external countries.
- Establishes a customs union with no tariffs between member states.
- Negotiates trade agreements on behalf of its members.

3. Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN)

Purpose: ASEAN aims to accelerate economic growth, social progress, and cultural development in the region while promoting regional peace and stability. Countries Participating: 10 Southeast Asian countries, including Indonesia, Malaysia, and Thailand.

Key Highlights:

- Facilitates economic integration and cooperation among member states.
- Promotes free trade agreements with external partners.
- Implements the ASEAN Free Trade Area (AFTA) to reduce tariffs and non-tariff barriers.

4. Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC)

Purpose: APEC aims to promote economic growth, cooperation, trade, and investment in the Asia-Pacific region. Countries Participating: 21 member economies, including the United States, China, and Japan.

Key Highlights:

• Encourages trade and investment liberalization.

- Implements initiatives to improve business environments and reduce trade barriers.
- Focuses on capacity building and economic and technical cooperation.
- 5. Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)

Purpose: OPEC coordinates and unifies petroleum policies among member countries to ensure stable oil markets and fair prices for producers. Countries Participating: 13 oil-producing countries, including Saudi Arabia, Iran, and Venezuela.

Key Highlights:

- Regulates oil production to manage supply and influence global oil prices.
- Promotes cooperation among member countries on oil-related policies.
- Engages in dialogue with major oil-consuming countries and international organizations.

These organizations play crucial roles in shaping global trade policies and fostering economic cooperation among nations.

Sources:

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